

Characterizing the genomic landscape of malignant perivascular epithelioid cell family of tumors (PEComa-FT) in a real-world population using the Foundation Medicine genomic database

Daniel S. Lefler, MD

2024 ANNUAL MEETING

Disclosures

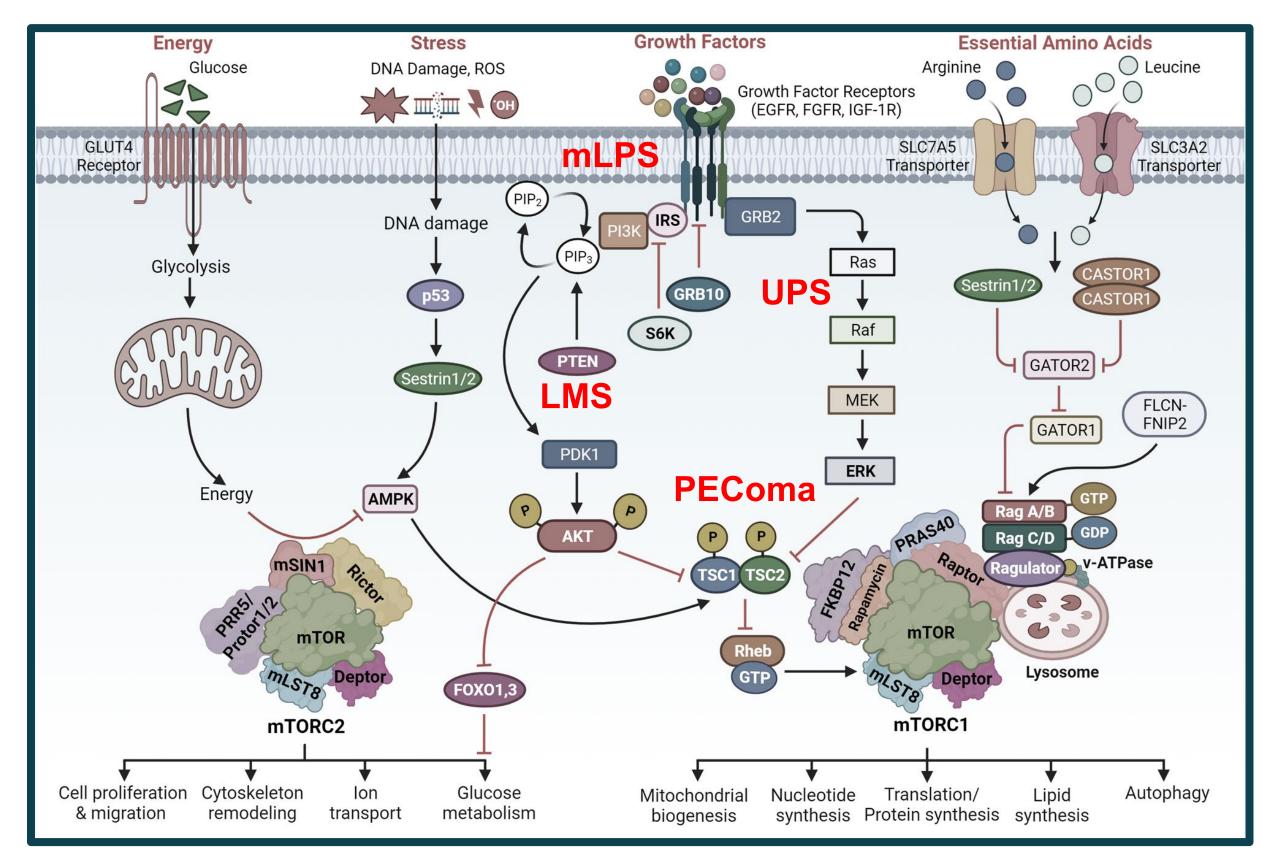
Aadi – advisory board honorarium





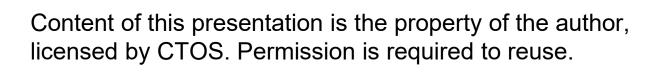
The mTOR pathway in sarcoma

- Central signaling pathway(s) involved in multiple biological processes; complex upstream + extensive downstream signaling
- Roles demonstrated in osteosarcoma, leiomyosarcoma, and other STS → SUCCEED trial using ridaforolimus
- Evidence of activation may provide prognostic and predictive information, such as differential responses to chemo- and immunotherapies (abstract # 1854955)



Panwar et al., Sig Transduct Target Ther 2023







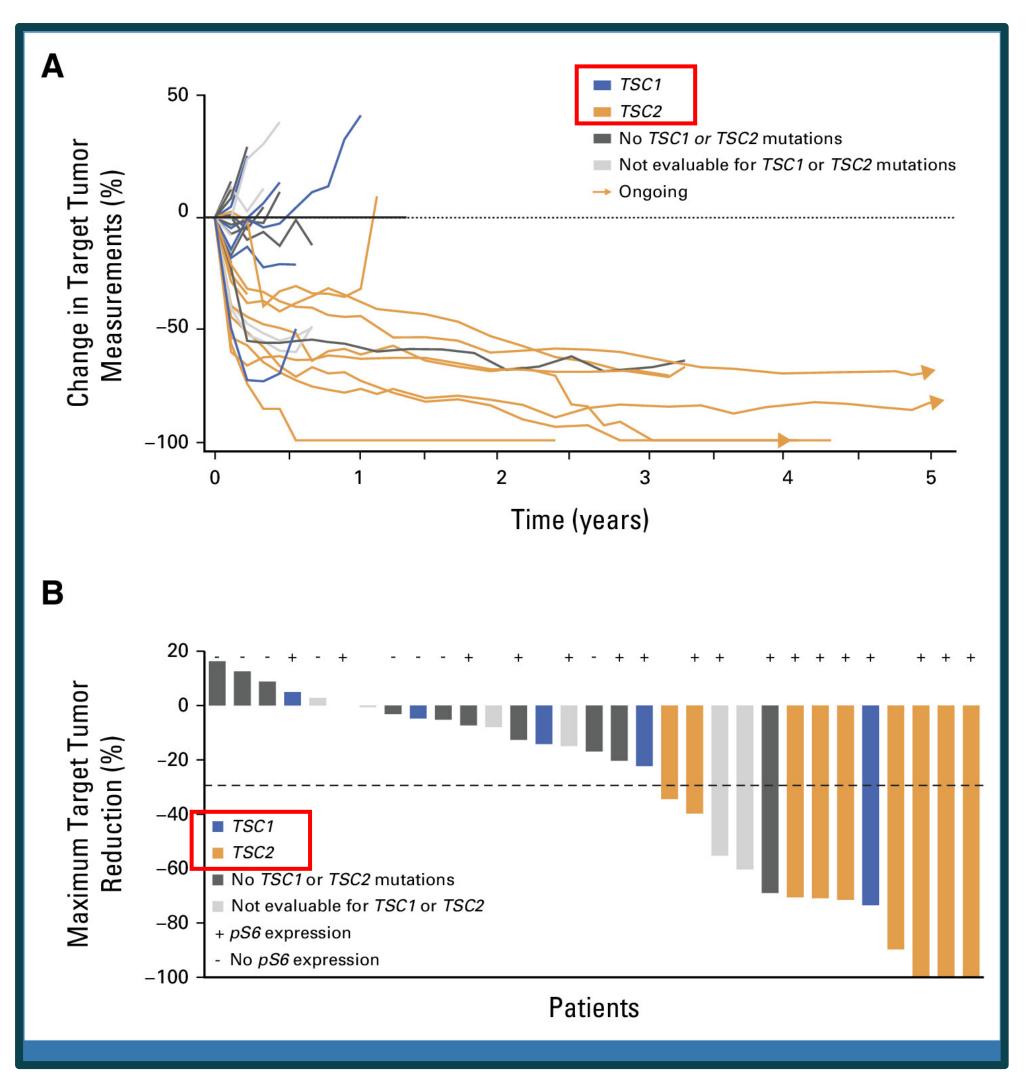
Malignant PEComa: successful targeting of mTOR

- nab-sirolimus is a modified, intravenous rapamycin analog with high intratumoral accumulation and strong mTOR inhibition
- The AMPECT trial demonstrated activity of *nab*-sirolimus in patients with PEComa
- ORR 38.7%, mDOR 39.7 months, mOS 53.1 months; AEs: mucositis, cytopenias, fatigue, rash, GI sx
- Greatest benefit was seen in patients with *TSC1* and *TSC2* inactivating alterations
- Related tumors include AML and LAM



Presented by:

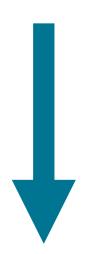
Daniel S. Lefler, MD



Wagner et al., JCO 2024



What is the landscape of gene alterations in the PEComa family of tumors (PEComa-FT)?



With what frequency are genes involved in mTOR signaling/activation altered in PEComa-FT, including and beyond *TSC1* and *TSC2*?





Methods: mTOR gene alterations in PEComa-FT

 Next-generation tumor-only sequencing (NGS) was performed on unique samples from patients with advanced cancers (August 2014 to July 2023) using FoundationOne®Heme and FoundationOne® CDx assays and analyzed using the FoundationInsights[™] web-based platform.



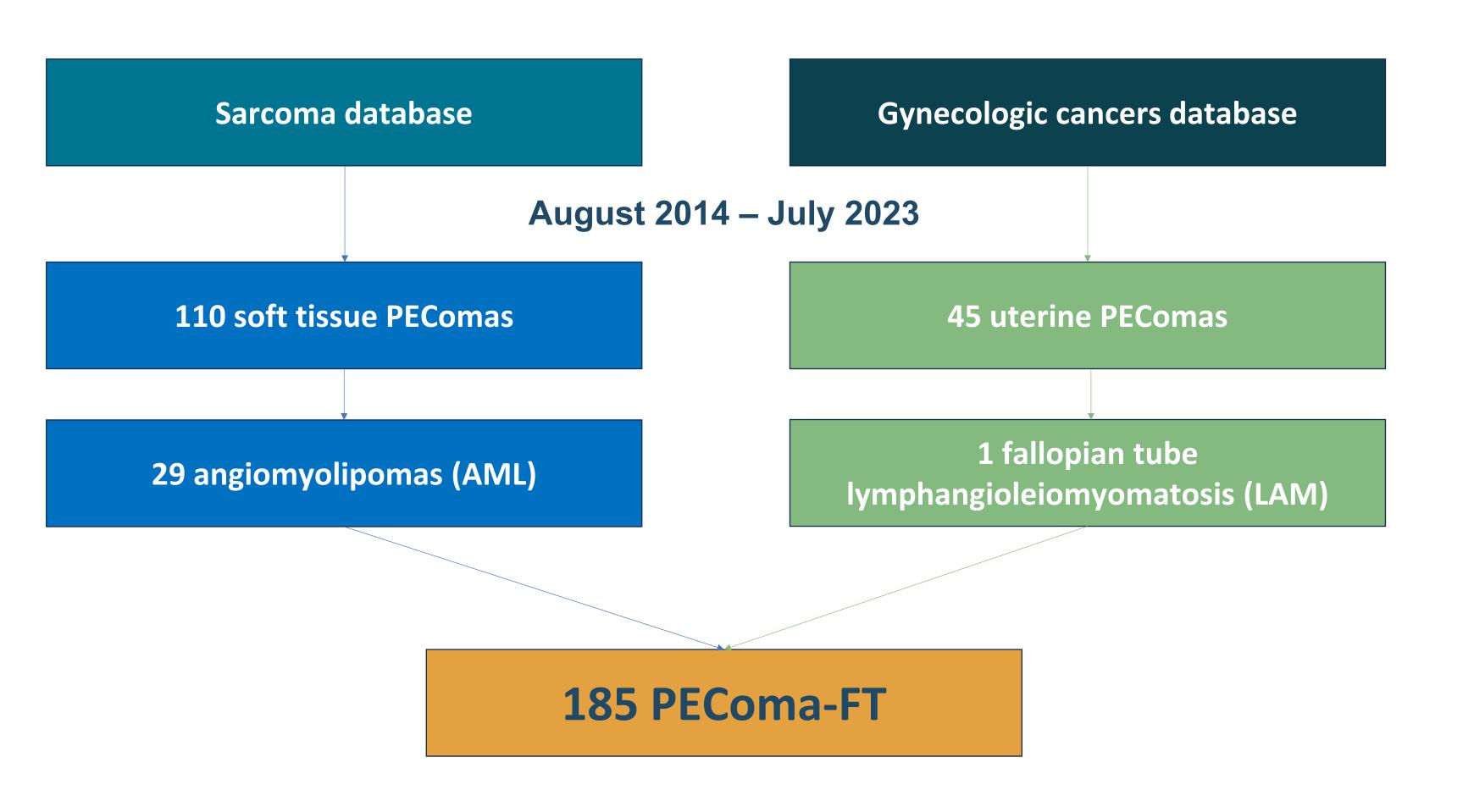
- Included patients with <u>PEComas</u> and its related family of tumors, including <u>angiomyolipoma</u> (AML) and <u>lymphangioleiomyomatosis</u> (LAM)
- Frequency and pathogenicity of gene alterations, tumor mutational burden (TMB), microsatellite instability (MSI) status, and demographics at the time of NGS in PEComa-FT samples were characterized.
- The frequencies of alterations of genes involved in canonical mTOR signaling were evaluated



Content of this presentation is the property of the author, Bringing together the world's

sarcoma specialists

Results: mTOR gene alterations in PEComa-FT



Of 185 patients:

146 (78.9%) female 87 (47.0%) age 51-70 4 (2.1%) pediatric

TMB-low: 173/179 (96.7%)

MSS: 166/169 (98.2%)

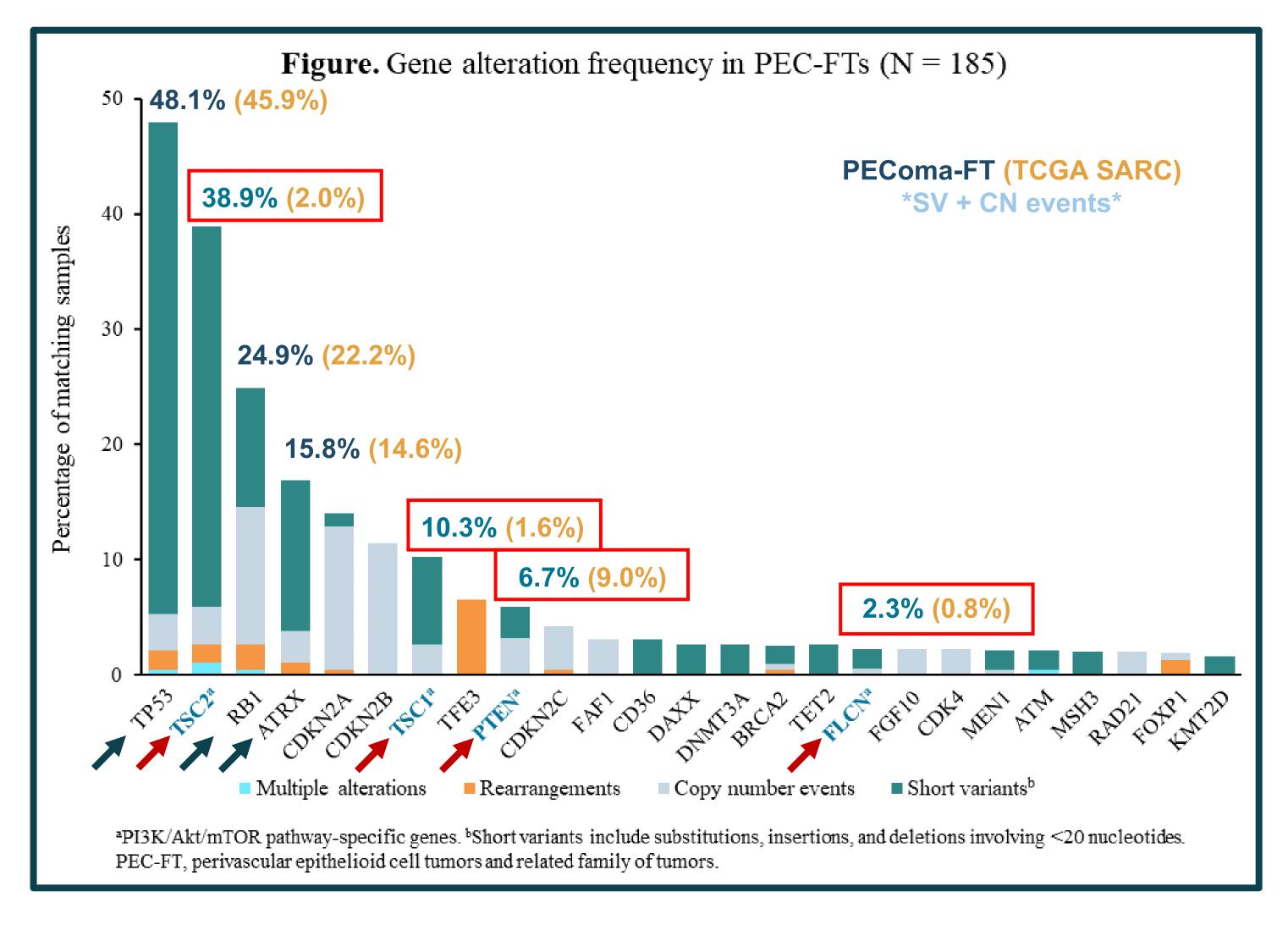


Presented by:

Daniel S. Lefler, MD



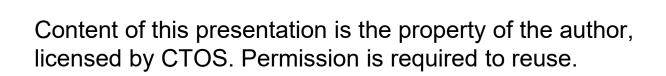
Results: mTOR gene alterations in PEComa-FT



Genes commonly altered in soft tissue sarcomas

Genes known to be involved in mTOR signaling







Results: mTOR gene alterations in PEComa-FT

Table. Enrichment for PI3K/Akt/mTOR pathway alterations in PEC-FT samples

Gene	PEC-FT Samples (N = 185)			
	All Alterations (%)	Short Variants (%)	Copy Number Events (%)	Rearrangements (%)
AKT2	0.5	0.5	0	0
FBXW7	1.1	1.1	0	0
FLCN	2.3	1.7	0.6	0
MTOR	1.6	1.6	0	0
PIK3C2G	0.5	0.5	0	0
PTEN	5.9	2.7	3.2	0
RICTOR	1.6	0	1.6	0
STK11	0.5 AMPE	CT 0	0	0.5
TSC1	10.3 16.1	7.6	2.7	0
TSC2	38.9 29.0	33.0	3.2	1.6
Cumulative frequency of PI3K/Akt/mTOR pathway alterations	+ 4.3% (8) PEComas with TFE3 rearrangements			

No alterations present in AKT1, AKT3, INPP4B, PIK3C3 PIK3CA, PIK3CD, PIK3CG, PIK3R1, PIK3R2, or RPTOR among PEC-FT samples. PEC-FT, perivascular epithelioid cell tumors and related family of tumors.





Takeaways, limitations, and future directions

- This is the largest (n=185) genomic characterization of PEComa-FT using real-world data
- Many of the most common genes mutated/deleted in soft tissue sarcomas are found altered at similar frequencies in PEComa-FT (e.g., TP53, RB1, ATRX)
- PEComa-FT are enriched for mTOR pathway gene alterations: *TSC1/2* in 49% of cases + another 10-20% exhibit other mutations, deletions, or fusions (*TFE3*)
- Limitations: genes included in FoundationOne® assay, other biomarkers (IHC), histopathological diagnosis not centrally reviewed, no clinical outcomes
- Further study is warranted re: PEComa-FT's molecular biology-histopathology relationship
- Some alterations may be "more important" than others for mTOR pathway activation;
 quantifying this may guide efforts in therapeutic targeting





References

- Panwar, V., Singh, A., Bhatt, M. et al. Multifaceted role of mTOR (mammalian target of rapamycin) signaling pathway in human health and disease. Sig Transduct Target Ther 8, 375 (2023). https://doi.org/10.1038/s41392-023-01608-z
- Demetri GD, Chawla SP, Ray-Coquard I, Le Cesne A, Staddon AP, Milhem MM, Penel N, Riedel RF, Bui-Nguyen B, Cranmer LD, Reichardt P, Bompas E, Alcindor T, Rushing D, Song Y, Lee RM, Ebbinghaus S, Eid JE, Loewy JW, Haluska FG, Dodion PF, Blay JY. Results of an international randomized phase III trial of the mammalian target of rapamycin inhibitor ridaforolimus versus placebo to control metastatic sarcomas in patients after benefit from prior chemotherapy. J Clin Oncol. 2013 Jul 1;31(19):2485-92. doi: 10.1200/JCO.2012.45.5766. Epub 2013 May 28. PMID: 23715582.
- Ding L, Congwei L, Bei Q, Tao Y, Ruiguo W, Heze Y, Bo D, Zhihong L. mTOR: An attractive therapeutic target for osteosarcoma? Oncotarget. 2016 Aug 2;7(31):50805-50813. doi: 10.18632/oncotarget.9305. PMID: 27177330; PMCID: PMC5226621.
- Hernando, E., Charytonowicz, E., Dudas, M. et al. The AKT-mTOR pathway plays a critical role in the development of leiomyosarcomas. Nat Med 13, 748–753 (2007). https://doi.org/10.1038/nm1560
- Lefler, D.S., et al. Characterizing patterns of mTORC1 activation across sarcoma subtypes using single-sample gene set enrichment analysis (ssGSEA) and a national biomarker database.. JCO 42, 11544-11544(2024). DOI:10.1200/JCO.2024.42.16_suppl.11544
- Wagner AJ, Ravi V, Riedel RF, Ganjoo K, Van Tine BA, Chugh R, Cranmer L, Gordon EM, Hornick JL, Du H, Grigorian B, Schmid AN, Hou S, Harris K, Kwiatkowski DJ, Desai NP, Dickson MA. nab-Sirolimus for Patients With Malignant Perivascular Epithelioid Cell Tumors. J Clin Oncol. 2021 Nov 20;39(33):3660-3670. doi: 10.1200/JCO.21.01728. Epub 2021 Oct 12. Erratum in: J Clin Oncol. 2023 Dec 10;41(35):5477. doi: 10.1200/JCO.23.02173. PMID: 34637337; PMCID: PMC8601264.
- Wagner, A.J., et al. Phase II Trial of nab-Sirolimus in Patients With Advanced Malignant Perivascular Epithelioid Cell Tumors (AMPECT): Long-Term
 Efficacy and Safety Update. JCO 42, 1472-1476(2024). DOI:10.1200/JCO.23.02266





Thank you

Collaborators

- Robert Maki
- Neeta Somaiah
- Richard Riedel
- Jonathan Trent
- Gina D'Amato
- Lee Cranmer
- Nam Bui
- Margaret von Mehren
- Erlinda Gordon
- Rebekah Hartwell
- Ashwini Pai
- Willis Navarro
- Atrayee Basu Mallick

Sarcoma team at Penn

- Kate Barrie
- Jill Burns
- Cara Cipriano
- Mark Diamond
- Giorgos Karakousis
- Lee Hartner
- Emily Lebow
- William Levin
- Melanie Martin
- Suneel Nagda
- Benjamin Kyle Potter
- Laetitia Simeral
- Heather Warren

Other research collaborators

- Erik Blomain
- Andrew Elliott
- Everett Moding

Organizers of



Bringing together the world's sarcoma specialists



